



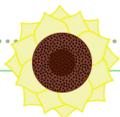
### **Tomcat Clover**

Tomcat Clover is found throughout the west in about 20 different plant communities, from oak woodland to grassland to alpine fell. It flowers in spring and likes moisture, often found in disturbed areas with moist, heavy soils. It is excellent for habitat gardens and draws birds, native bees, butterflies, and other insects.



### **Fiddlenecks**

Fiddlenecks are poisonous to livestock, because they contain alkaloids and nitrates. The sharp hairs of the plants can cause skin irritation in humans. However, the shoots, seeds or leaves of several species were used as food by Native Americans, and the plant also had some medicinal uses.



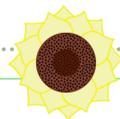
### **California Goldfields**

Goldfields are found all over California in one form or another. The plants grow taller with more rainfall, or grow smaller and tougher with less rainfall. The plant shoots out pollen when the ray flowers open. This plant does not self-pollinate and depends on moths, bees and other insects to produce the next generation of flowers.



### **Menzie's Baby Blue Eyes**

One of the most charming and best-known spring wildflowers in California, it is often included in commercial wildflower seed mixtures and has been cultivated in England for more than a century. The branches and deeply cut leaves are hairy.



RIATA RANCH  
INTERNATIONAL

*"You earn your reputation in the arena, but  
you earn your respect in the barn."*

## *~Wildflower Guide~*

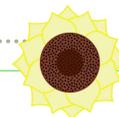


***A handy pocket  
guide to the common  
native wildflowers of  
Three Rivers,  
California.***



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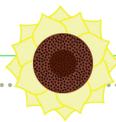
Mediterranean Stork's Bill is a common name for several plants, including *Erodium botrys* in the British Isles and *Erodium malacoides*, in North America. Both grow natively in California and can be distinguished by their long, beak-like stigma.

### Mediterranean Stork's Bill



Native to California and Baja California where it grows in many types of habitat, is a common annual herb producing a slender, branching or unbranched stem, 10 to 60 centimeters tall. It has a somewhat waxy in texture and generally lacks hairs. The leaves vary from linear to lance-shaped and smooth-edged or toothed. Its fruit is a flattened, rounded capsule,

### Mountain Fringe-pod



A species of flowering plant in the mustard family, it is native to western North America, from Washington to Nevada, and California into Baja California. It thrives in diverse habitats and can be distinguished by its shiny, flat, rounded leaves that turn from red into green at maturity.

### Shining Pepperweed



Goldfields are found all over California in one form or another. The plants grow taller with more rainfall, or grow smaller and tougher with less rainfall. The plant shoots out pollen when the ray flowers open. This plant does not self-pollinate and depends on moths, bees and other insects to produce the next generation of flowers.

### Blue Dicks



Lupine are members of the legume family and grow in many diverse habitat types. They are easily distinguished by their flowers and distinctive flat-palm, eight-stem leaves. There are over 200 species of Lupine, most which grow in North America. Their fruits are edible.

### Miniature Lupine



California's state flower, the milky sap of a poppy's unripe seed pods is the source of opium and several other drugs. Its seed is not narcotic and is used as birdseed, ground for flour and used as a garnish for cooking, its oil is employed in cooking, illumination, and in paints, varnishes, and soaps. It has been the symbol of the dead and of sleep since antiquity.

### California Poppy

